# Ainu ethnogenesis

アイヌ民族起源

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#### What makes an Ainu?

- Linguistic heritage: Language
- Cultural heritage: Culture
- Biological heritage: "Race" and genes

- Geographical environment: Territory
- Neighbours: Negative identity

### **Components of ethnicity**

#### Language

- Contains a unique socially transmitted lineage
- Contains also features transitional towards neighbours
- Creates a speech community
- But allows parallel memberships (multilingualism)

#### Genes and culture

- Do not contain a unique inherited lineage
- Always transitional towards neighbours
- Statistically relevant at the community level
- Can create boundaries also at the individual level

### **Territory and neighbours**

- NE Honshu: Sisam = Wajin 和人
- Hokkaido: historically Repun kur = Okhotsk
- C Sakhalin: Orok = Urakata = Uryangkhai
- N Sakhalin: Nivkh = Ghilyak
- Amur basin: Ulcha + Ghilyak + Neghidal
- Sikhote Alin coast: Oroch-Udeghe
- Kurile Islands: none known
- Kamchatka: Southern Kamchadal

#### Ainu culture

- Northern features
  - Bear cult
  - Shamanism?
  - Cult of inau?
- Southern features
  - Types of dwelling
  - Methods of subsistance?
  - Technology?

### Ainu genes

- Palaeo-Japanese heritage
  - Concentration on Hokkaido
  - Shared with Ryukyuans
  - Inherited from Jomon population
- Transitions towards neighbours
  - Jomon heritage in the ethnic Japanese
  - Receding towards the N and NW

### Ainu language

- Unique features: inherited lineage
  - Unique basic vocabulary
  - Structural idiosyncracies
- "Oceanic" parallels: substrata
  - Simple segmental structure
- Southern parallels: adstrata
  - Early contacts with Old Japanese
- Northern parallels: adstrata
  - Late contacts with Orok, Ghilyak

#### **Trial and error**

- "Paleo-Asiatic", "Paleo-Siberian"
- "North-Asiatic" (Street, Patrie) error!
- "Eurasiatic" (Greenberg) error!
- "Austric" (Bengtson, Blažek) error!
- Indo-European (Naert) error!
- Austro-Asiatic (Shafer, Vovin) error!
- Austronesian (Murayama) error!

### Chronology

 When was the Ainu ethnic combination of language, culture and genes formed?

- Language = Jomon heritage
- Genes = Jomon heritage
- Culture = mixture of Jomon, Epi-Jomon,
   Satsumon and Okhotsk heritage

### Ethnonymy

- Ainu recent secondary endonym
- Enciw < \*emisi/u- = 蝦夷 emishi, ebisu, ezo?
- Kuril = Tungusic plural kuri-l < Ewenic?</li>
  - Ghilyak kughi [khuyi]
  - Neghidal kuyi < \*kuri</p>
  - Oroch-Udeghe kuyi < \*kuri</p>
  - Nanai-Ulcha-Orok kuyi < Oroch?</p>
  - Mandarin kuye 庫頁
  - Cf. Ainu kur 'person'

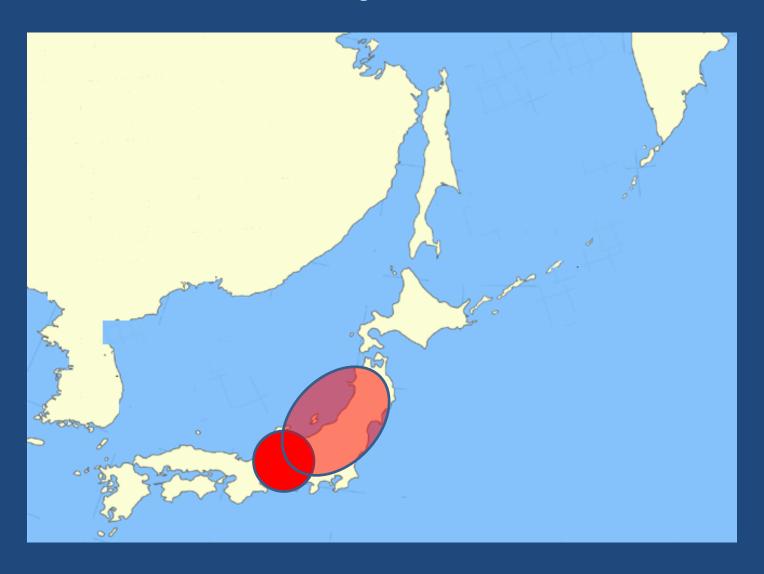
### Geography

- Where was the Ainu ethnic combination of language, culture and genes formed?
  - Language = once spoken in the neighbourhood of Old Japanese
  - Genes = Jomon genes from Honshu incorporated in local Hokkaido and Sakhalin populations
  - Culture = formed as a full complex on Hokkaido

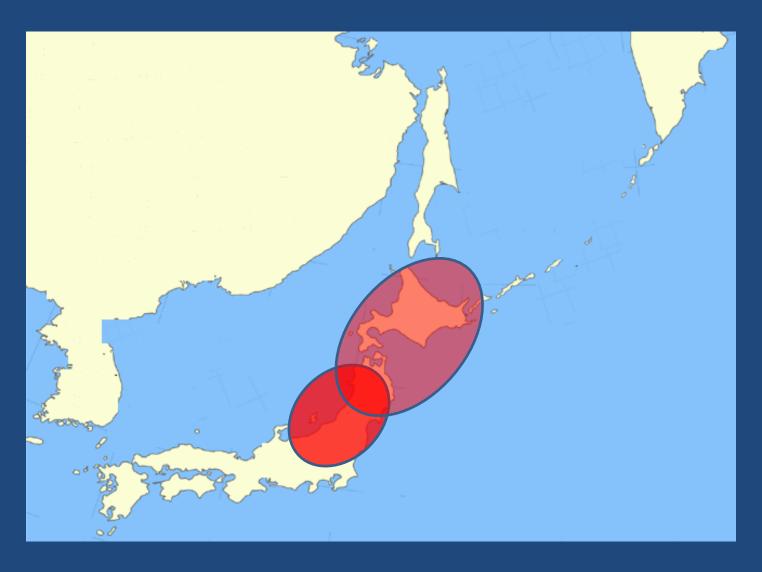
### Language movements

- Pre-Proto-Ainu homeland in Central Honshu
  - 1st expansion on Honshu 500-1000 AZ
  - -2nd expansion to Hokkaido 1000-1600
- Proto-Ainu homeland on Hokkaido
  - 3rd expansion to Sakhalin 1300-1600?
  - 4th expansion to the Kuriles 1500-1700?
  - 5th expansion to the Amur basin 1600-1800?
  - + subsequent division of N and S Kurile Ainu

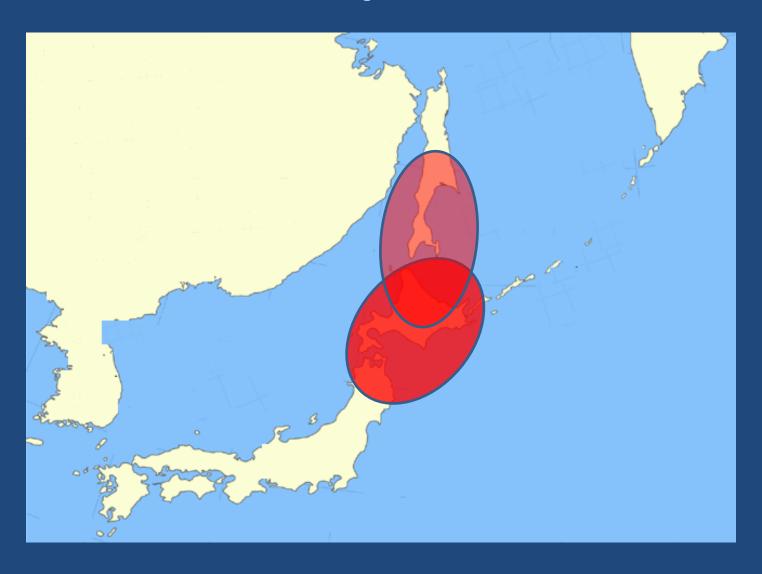
## 1st expansion



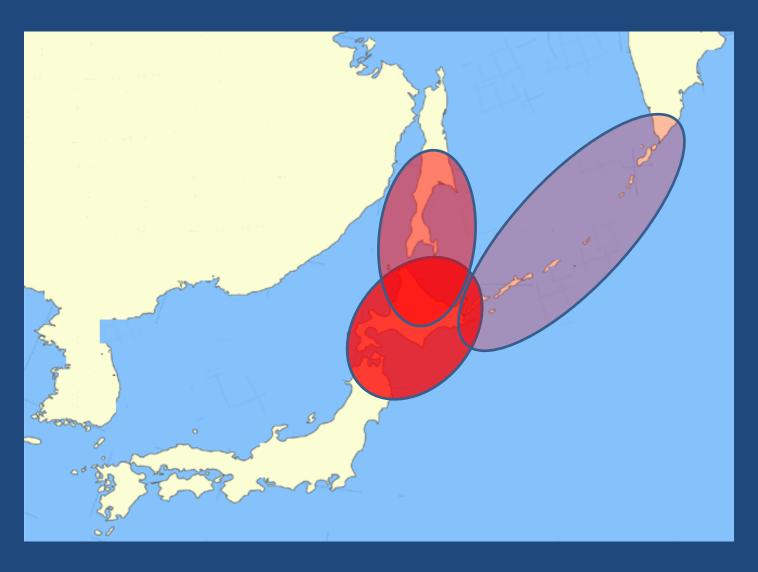
## 2nd expansion



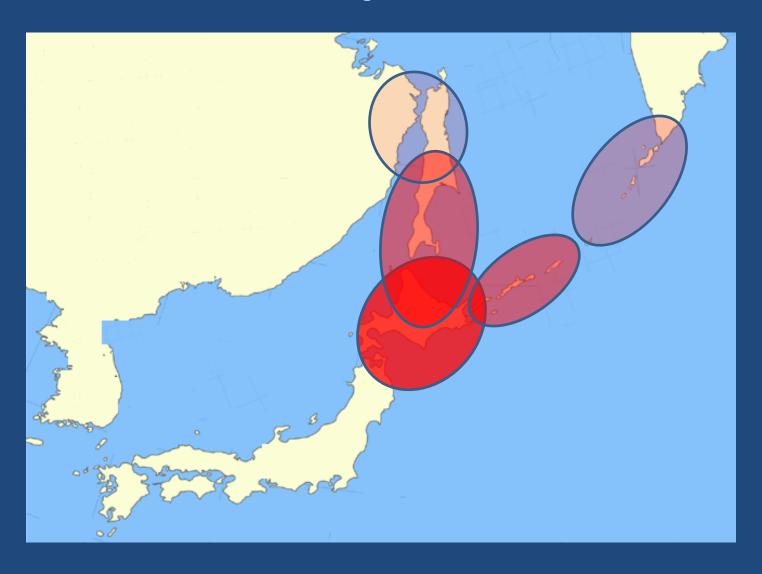
## 3rd expansion



## 4th expansion



# 5th expansion



### Languages extinguished by Ainu

- Northern Honshu unknown Jomon Iges
- Southern Hokkaido unknown Epi-Jomon Iges
- Northern Hokkaido Okhotsk culture lge
- Southern Sakhalin Okhotsk + unknown Iges
- Kurile Islands Okhotsk + unknown lges?

Potential sources of information: lexical contacts, typological interference, ethnonyms, toponyms, folklore

### Okhotsk language

- (a) Tungusic Jurchen?
- (b) Amuric Ghilyak?
- (c) Kamchatic Itelmen?
- (d) Eskimoic Yupik?
- (e) Unknown substratal language?
- (f) Many languages of various origins?

"Northern elements in Hokkaido Ainu"? (Vovin) inau, mukkuri, kotan – with Amuric and Tungusic parallels

### Ainu 500 yBP

- Early premodern historical period
- Corresponding to the ethnographic present
- Occupying the Ainu ethnic territory
- A link between Japan and Manchuria
- Possessing the Ainu ethnic complex
- Genetically continuing the Jomon heritage
- But with a possible Okhotsk mixture
- Still a single speech community: Proto-Ainu

### Ainu 1000 yBP

- Late protohistorical period: Satsumon
- Still expanding to the future ethnic territory
- In contact with the Okhotsk complex
- Only incipient Ainu ethnic complex
- Genetically continuing the Jomon heritage
- Speaking Late Pre-Proto-Ainu
- Possibly the only remaining Jomon language
- With unknown internal diversity

### Ainu 1500 yBP

- Early protohistorical period: Late Epi-Jomon
- Northern neighbours of Yamato Japan
- In cultural contact with the Kofun complex
- Not yet Ainu in the cultural sense
- Genetically continuing the Jomon heritage
- Speaking Late Pre-Proto-Ainu
- Only one of several Epi-Jomon languages
- With unknown internal diversity

### Ainu 2000 yBP

- Late prehistorical period: Early Epi-Jomon
- Distant neighbours of Korea and China
- In cultural contact with the Yayoi complex
- No true Ainu ethnic complex yet
- Genetically continuing the Jomon heritage
- Speaking Early Pre-Proto-Ainu
- Only one of many Epi-Jomon languages
- With unknown internal diversity

### Ainu 2500 yBP

- Early prehistorical period: Late Jomon
- A part of the ethnic diversity of Jomon Japan
- No substantial contacts with the continent
- Not yet Ainu in the cultural sense
- Genetically a part of the Jomon population
- Speaking Early Pre-Proto-Ainu
- Only one of many Late Jomon languages
- Exact location and extension unknown

### Ainu 10000 yBP

- Early Neolithic period: Initial Jomon
- Hunting, gathering, garderning? pottery?
- A part of the ethnic diversity of NE Asia
- One of many local linguistic lineages
- Unknown location and extension
- Probably already on the Japanese Islands
- Genetically a part the local population
- No Ainu ethnic complex yet

### Paleolithic expansion routes

- NW "Amur-Sakhalin" ?
- NE "Kamchatka-Kuriles" ?
- W "Korea-Shandong"?
- S "Ryukyus"?

 Impossible to determine, probably a trace of the earliest human expansion to NE Asia, prior to the dispersal of the Asian "race"

### Linguistic origins

- Unrelated to genes and culture
- Impossible to determine any affiliations
- Apparently a trace of a Jomonic family
- But not the only Jomon lineage
- Possibly representative of Jomon typology
   cf. the uniformity of Jomon culture
   vs. the complexity of the geographical
   environment of the Japanese Islands

### Language – Genes – Culture - Territory

The evolution of Ainuness in time and space kyBP

| • 10 L G pa | leo-ethnic |
|-------------|------------|
|-------------|------------|

- 2.5 LGc pre-ethnic
- 1.5 LGc pre-proto-ethnic
- 1.0 LGCt proto-ethnic
- 0.5 LGCT ETHNIC
- 0.0 | I g c t post-ethnic > re-ethnic?

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